



SteinVit[®]

Mould Chart

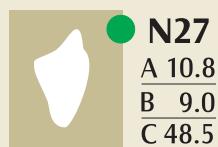
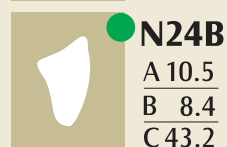
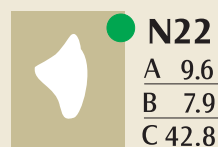
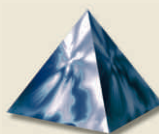
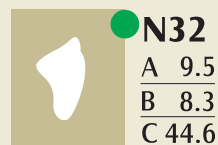
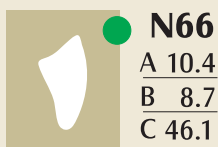
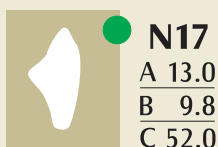
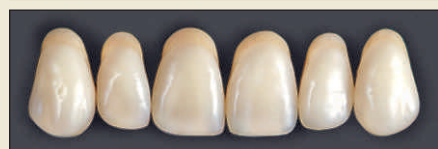
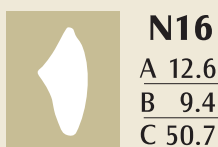
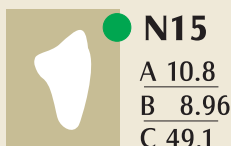
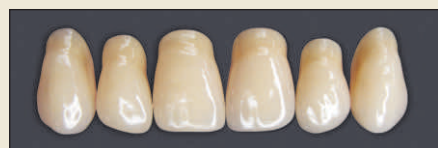
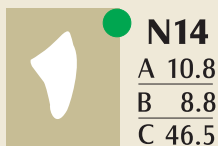
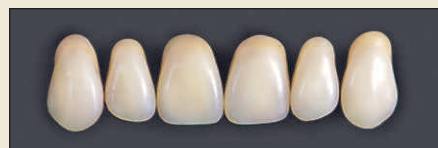
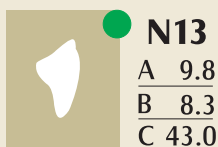
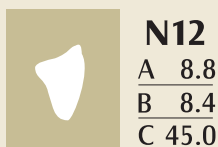
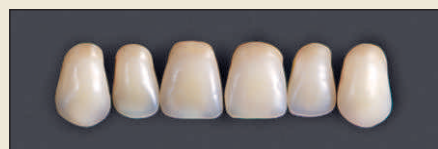
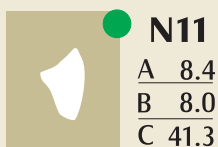
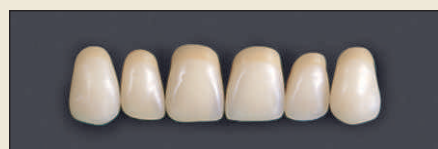
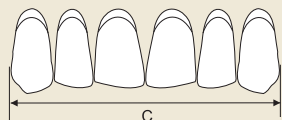
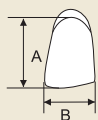


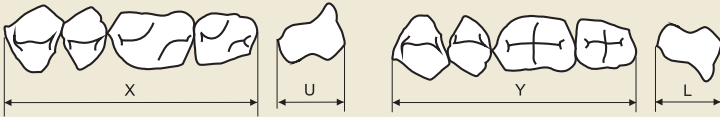
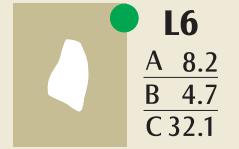
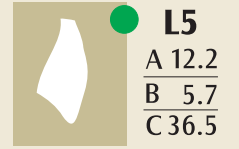
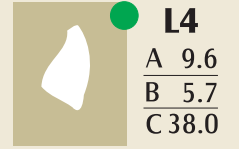
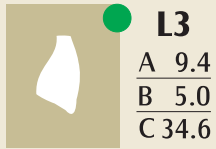
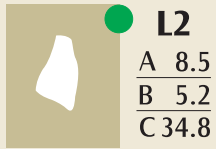
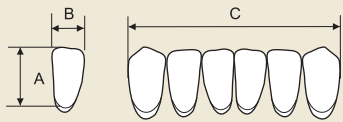
- * Four chromatic layers
- * Cross linked characterized acrylic teeth



Four
chromatic layers,
the most natural teeth

SteinVit®





01 0° X 28.71 Y 29.39 U 8.26 L 8.24



02 0° X 30.7 Y 30.68 U 8.77 L 8.53



N1 Normal-Bite X 29.6 Y 31.8 U 8.8 L 8.1



N2 Normal-Bite X 29.3 Y 31.8 U 8.65 L 8.2



N3 Normal-Bite X 32.0 Y 35.2 U 9.35 L 8.9



N4 Normal-Bite X 31.6 Y 34.6 U 8.6 L 8.6



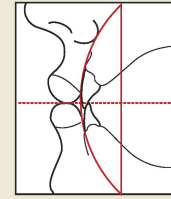
N5 Cross-Bite X 30.3 Y 33.4 U 8.25 L 8.46



N6 Cross-Bite X 32.8 Y 36.4 U 9.16 L 9.2

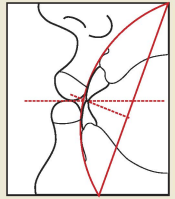


● N7 Normal-Bite X 34.5 Y 37.2 U 9.95 L 9.1



Normal-Bite

With normal bite types (according to Angle, Class I), the intercuspal line of the anterior profile curve is perpendicular to the occlusal plane. For these patients, N-type moulds are to be used.



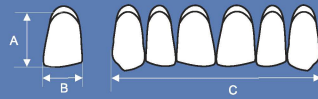
Cross-Bite

In a crossbite situation, a protruding mandible results in the intercuspal line forming a relatively acute angle in relation to the occlusal plane. C-type moulds are thus indicated, as their cusp inclination is relatively flat.

Anteriors			
Upper	A	B	C
N11	8.4	8.0	41.3
N12	8.8	8.4	45.0
N13	9.8	8.3	43.0
N14	10.8	8.8	46.5
N15	10.8	8.9	49.1
N16	12.6	9.4	50.7
N17	13.0	9.8	52.0
N22	9.6	7.9	42.8
N24B	10.5	8.4	43.2
N25	10.7	8.7	47.1
N27	10.8	9.0	48.5
N42	9.9	7.8	44.1
N32	9.5	8.3	44.6
N37	11.7	9.0	48.1
N52	9.0	7.6	41.8
N54	9.6	8.6	46.4
N66	10.4	8.7	46.1
N69	11.5	9.5	46.8

Mould N11 UPPER ANTERIORS

Length of central without collar (mm) A 8.4
Width of central (mm) B 8.0
Width of 6 anteriors on flat plane (mm) C 41.3



Posteriors			
Mould	X	Y	U
01	28.71	29.39	8.26
02	30.7	30.68	8.77
N1	29.6	31.8	8.8
N2	29.3	31.6	8.65
N3	32.0	35.2	9.35
N4	31.6	34.6	8.8
N5	30.3	33.4	8.25
N6	32.8	36.4	9.16
N7	34.5	37.2	9.95

Mould N1 UPPER POSTERIORS

- The average width of a 1x4 set of upper posteriors X 29.6
- The average depth of the upper left first molar U 8.8



Mould N1 LOWER POSTERIORS

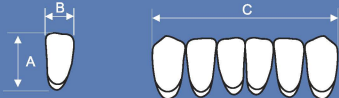
- The average width of a 1x4 set of lower posteriors Y 31.8
- The average depth of the lower left first molar L 8.1



Anteriors			
Lower	A	B	C
L1	7.9	4.4	30.8
L2	8.5	5.2	34.8
L3	9.4	5.0	34.6
L4	9.6	5.7	38.0
L5	12.2	5.7	38.5
L6	8.2	4.7	32.1

Mould L1 LOWER ANTERIORS

Length of central without collar (mm) A 7.9
Width of central (mm) B 4.4
Width of 6 anteriors on flat plane (mm) C 30.8



Anteriors		Posteriors		
Upper	Lower	Normal	Cross	0°
N11	L1	N2	N5	01
N12	L2	N2	N5	01
N13	L3	N2-N4	N5	02
N14	L4	N4	N5	02
N15	L4	N3	N5	-
N16	L5	N7	N5	-
N17	L5	N7	N6	02
N22	L6	N2-N4	-	01
N24B	L4	N1	N5	02
N25	L4	N3	N5	-
N27	L5	N3	N6	-
N32	L6	N2-N4	N5	-
N37	L4	N4	N5	-
N42	L3	N2-N4	N5	-
N52	L1	N2	N5	-
N54	L2	N4	N5	02
N66	L2	N4	N5	-
N69	L4	N3-N7	N5	-

Acrylic Resin teeth for Removable Protheses Type I (Anteriors) and Type II (Posteriors).



Teeth for Normal Bites:
Their morphology is indicated for those cases in which the bite is normal or Class I Occlusion.



Zero-Degree. Teeth for Geriatric Protheses:
The morphology of these teeth is indicated in cases of discrepancies between centric occlusion and centric relation and in all those cases of temporomandibular dysfunction or bruxing.



Teeth for Cross-Bites:
Their morphology is indicated for those cases in which the mandible is more prominent or protruded than the rest of the face or in cases of Class III malocclusions.

Stein Vit[®] acrylic teeth are manufactured in four layers. Have a distribution of colors that ensures stability of shades and natural calcification. Normal, cross and zero degree occlusion satisfy the needs of patients with retrognathism, prognathism or normal occlusion.

CHARACTERISTIC

- 4 Chromatic Layers.
- Normal, cross bite and zero degree occlusion.
- Reduced reticulation at the tooth base for a secure union with the prosthetic material.

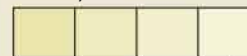
STEIN VIT SHADES

- A1 - A2 - A3 - A3.5 - A4
- B1 - B2 - B3 - B4
- C1 - C2 - C3 - C4
- D2 - D3 - D4
- 2 Bleached Shade A0 and B0 - 16 Different Vita[®] shades.
- *Vita is a trademark of Vita Zahnfabrik GmbH.

ISO 22112



Four layered



1° Gingival 2° Incisal
1° Incisal 2° Gingival

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